

Smoke inhalation causes a delayed increase in airway blood flow to primarily uninjured lung areas

Loick HM, Traber LD, Stothert JC, Herndon DN, Traber DL.

Intensive care medicine

1995; 21(4):326-333

ARTICLE IDENTIFIERS

DOI: unavailable

PMID: 7650255

PMCID: not available

JOURNAL IDENTIFIERS

LCCN: not available

pISSN: 0342-4642

eISSN: 1432-1238

OCLC ID: not available

CONS ID: not available

US National Library of Medicine ID: not available

This article was identified from a query of the SafetyLit database.